Legislations and Laws in Singapore Regarding Workplace Safety & Health

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WORKPLACE SAFETY AND HEALTH ACT

(CHAPTER 354A)

(Original Enactment: Act 7 of 2006)

REVISED EDITION 2009

(31st July 2009)

An Act relating to the safety, health and welfare of persons at work in workplaces.

[1st March 2006]

PART I

PRELIMINARY

Short title

This Act may be cited as the Workplace Safety and Health Act.

Application of Act

2. Except as otherwise provided in this Act (but not the regulations), the provisions of this Act shall apply to all workplaces.

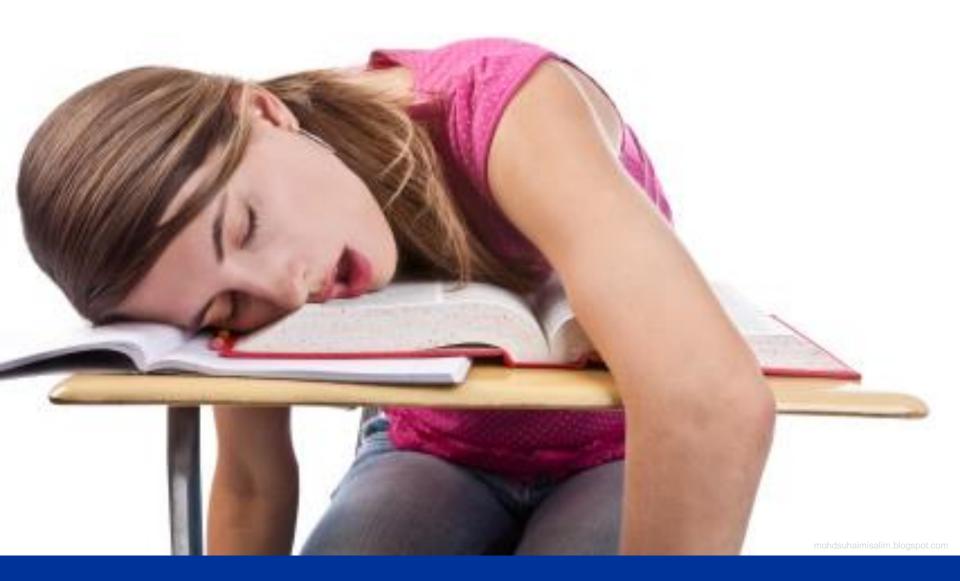
[18/2011 wef 01/09/2011]

Application of Act to Government

- 3.—(1) Except as provided in <u>subsection (2)</u>, this Act shall bind the Government and shall apply to
 - (a) any workplace wholly or partly owned or occupied by the Government; and
 - (b) any premises in which any building operation or any work of engineering construction is carried on by or on behalf of the Government.
- (2) Nothing in this Act shall render the Government liable to prosecution for an offence.
- (3) For the avoidance of doubt, no person shall be immune from prosecution for any offence under this Act by reason that the person is engaged to provide services to the Government.



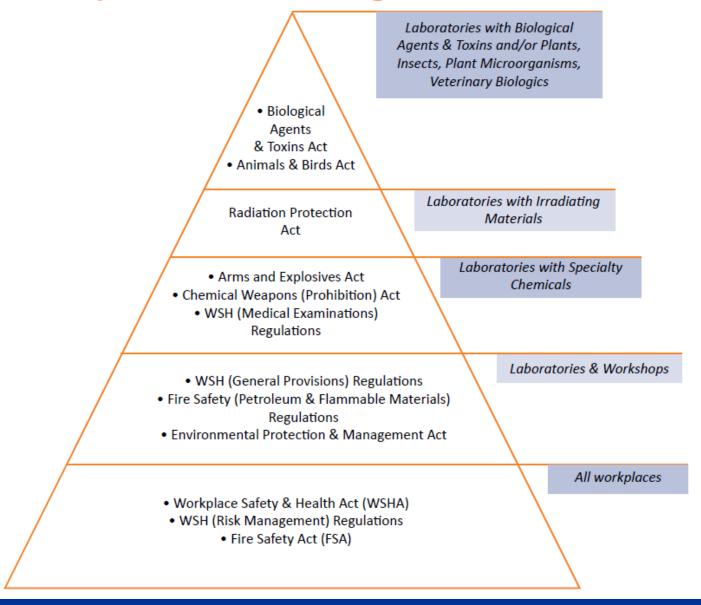
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Safety & Health Legislation Framework





Workplace Safety & Health Act

1

It places the responsibility for workplace safety on all stakeholders along lines of control at the workplace.

4

FEATURES OF WSHA 3

It facilitates effective enforcement through the issuance of remedial orders.

2

It focuses on WSH systems and outcomes, rather than merely on compliance.

4

It imposes higher penalties for non-compliance and risky behaviour.



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Stakeholders under the WSHA



Principals

who engage another person other than those under a contract of service to either supply labour or to do any work for gain or reward.



Employers

who employ the service of any person to do work.



Occupiers

who occupy or have control over the management of the workplace.



Manufacturers or Suppliers

of machinery, equipment or hazardous substances used at work in the workplace.



Owners, Installers or Erectors

of machinery for use at work in the workplace.



Self-employed Persons

who work but is not under a contract of service.



Persons at Work

includes employee, i.e. one employed under a contract of service, volunteer or any other person training or working under the employer such as an industrial attachment student.



Legal Obligations of Stakeholders



To take **reasonably practicable measures** to ensure the safety and health of :

- 1. his employees at work
- persons (not being his employees) who may be affected by any undertaking carried on by him in the workplace



To take **reasonably practicable measures** to ensure the safety and health of :

- any contractor engaged by him
- 2. any direct or indirect subcontractor engaged by such contractor
- 3. any employee employed by such contractor or subcontractor
- 4. persons (not being his employees) who may be affected by any undertaking carried on by him in the workplace



Legal Obligations of Stakeholders





The measures includes:

- providing and maintaining a work environment which is safe and without risk to health
- ensuring adequate measures for any machinery, equipment, plant, article or process
- ensuring persons are not exposed to hazards arising out of the its activities
- developing and implementing procedures for dealing with emergencies
- ensuring adequate instruction, information, training and supervision
- provide persons (not being his employees) with information on how their safety or health will be affected while at his workplace



Legal Obligations of Stakeholders



- To use any suitable appliance, protective clothing, equipment, etc for securing his safety, health and welfare
- Co-operate with employer or principal to comply with the provisions of the WSH Act
- Not to willfully or recklessly misuse any appliance, protective clothing, equipment, etc
- Not to endangers the safety or health of himself or others



Penalties for Offences

and Environment			
Category of offender	Maximum fine	Maximum imprisonment	Conditions
Individual persons: Repeated offence:	\$200,000 \$400,000	2 years	Either or both
Corporate body: Repeated offence:	\$500,000 \$1 million		
 Persons at Work Not using personal protective equipment Not co-operating with employer or principal to comply with Act misuse of any safety appliance. 	1st conviction - \$1,000 2nd or subsequent conviction - \$2,000		
Persons at Work • Does any negligent act which endangers the safety or health of himself or others	\$30,000	2 years	Either or both



Failure to comply with Remedial Order or Stop Work Order

Category of offender	Maximum fine	Maximum imprisonment	Conditions
Person who fails to comply with Remedial Order	\$50,000	12 months	Either or both
If offence is continued after conviction:	Additional fine of \$5,000 for each day the offence continues		
Person who fails to comply with a Stop Work Order	\$500,000	12 months	Either or both
If the offence is continued after conviction:	\$20,000 for each day the offence continues.		



Putting WSHA into Practice...

The Key Subsidiary Legislation:

- WSH (Risk Management) Regulations
- WSH (General Provisions) Regulations
- WSH (Medical Examinations) Regulations
- WSH (Incident Reporting) Regulations



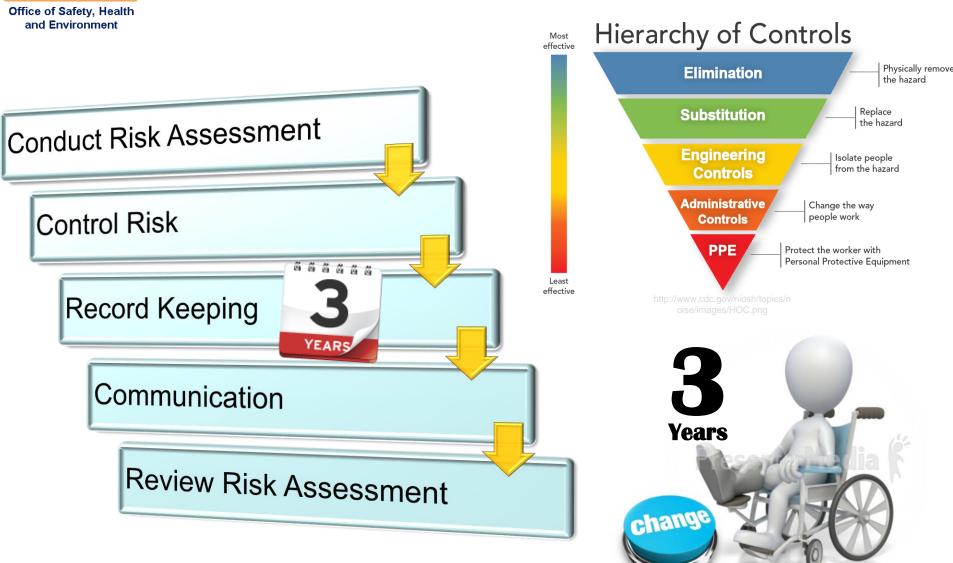








WSH (Risk Management) Regulations





WSH (General Provisions) Regulations

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PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS

www.stationerybrands.com.a



What is GHS?

✓ Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

✓ Developed by United Nations (UN)

Standardised labels and Safety Data she

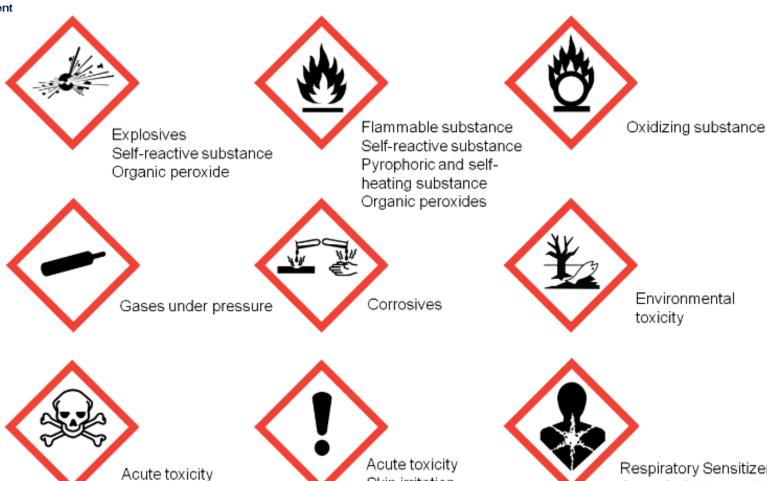
✓ Worldwide implementation (67 countries)

- ✓ Singapore Standard SS586
 - Specification for hazard communication for hazardous chemicals and dangerous good



GHS Pictograms

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Acute toxicity
Skin irritation
Eye irritation
Sensitizer (Dermal)
Transient Target organ toxicity
Hazard to the ozone layer

Respiratory Sensitizer
Germ Cell Mutagenicity
Carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity
Target organ toxicity
Aspiration hazard



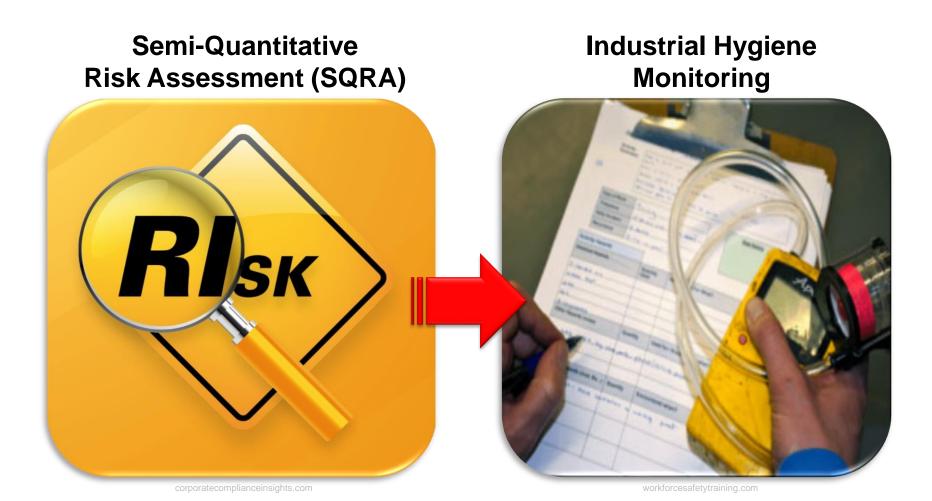
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GHS Pictograms Stickers - OSHE





Permissible Exposure Limits





WSH (Medical Examinations) Regulations



Click here for details of this legislation



WSH (Medical Examinations) Regulations

WHERE?

OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH (OH) CLINIC
Basement of the University Health Centre
(Next to the Dental Clinic)



WSH (Incident Reporting) Regulations



http://www.pacific.edu/Images/administra ion/oit/Incident_Response_350x233 in



WSH (Incident Reporting) Regulations

Accident & Incident Management System



REPORT ALL INCIDENTS TO OSHE WITHIN 24 HOURS!



We deal with chemicals

What are the legislation we need to know?

0.5% W/V Soo

https://www.wshc.sg/files/wshc/upload/cms/file/2014/W H Guidelines on Laboratories Handling Chemicals.pd



Legislations & Authorities

Fire Safety
(Petroleum & Flammable
Materials) Regulations



Environmental Protection & Management (Hazardous Substances) Regulations



Arms & Explosives
Act



Chemical Weapons (Prohibition) Act











Chemicals & substances of concern...



Petroleum & Flammable Materials



Hazardous Substances



Explosives & Explosive Precursors



Chemical Weapons



Scheduled Poisons



Controlled Drugs



Petroleum &

Flammable Materials

Hazardous

Explosive

Chemical

Weapons

Scheduled

Controlled

Drugs

Poisons

Precursors

Substances

SCOF

The Life Saving Force

National

Agency

Singapore Police Force A member of the Home Team

SINGAPORE CUSTOMS

HSA

Environment

Safeguard · Nurture · Cherish

Quick Guide on Key Requirements

and

Type Regulatory Authority	Licence or Permit from the Authority to:			Live	Lock	
	Store & Use	Import	Export	Inventory Record	Ke	

ror Researcn



Storage Requirements?

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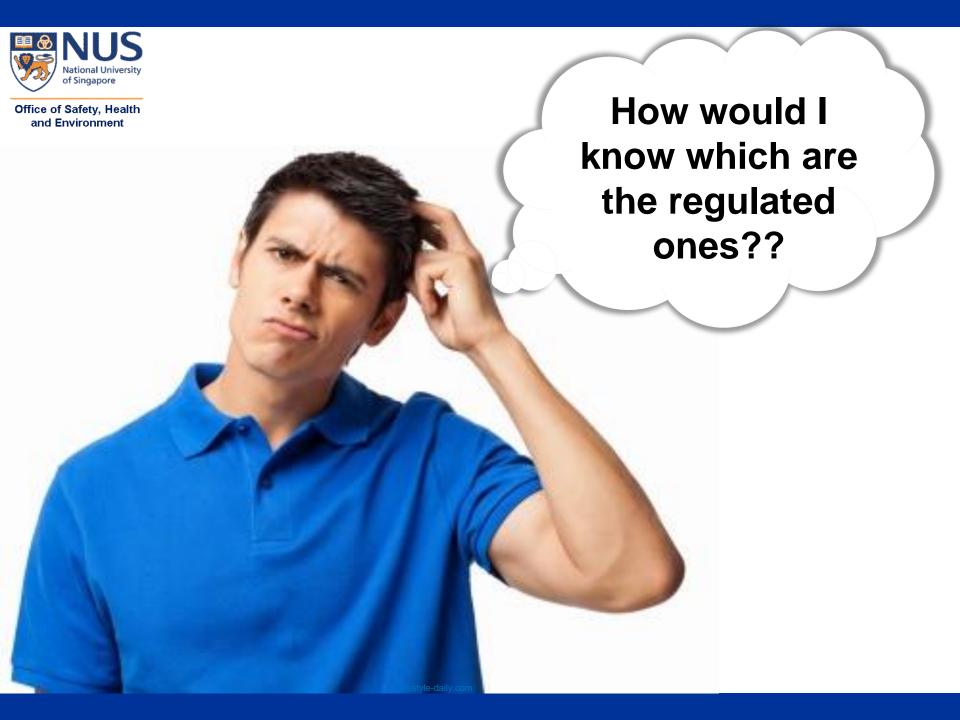
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4







ORMIYour Identifier!





IVLE training requirements

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Chemical

Compulsory	Who should attend
Chemical Safety (OSHCHM01)	Individuals performing activities involving the use of hazardous chemicals. Refresher training requirement: Individuals are required to retake this module after two years.

Compulsory	Who should attend
Safe Use & Handling of Hydrofluoric Acid (OSHCHM02)	Individuals working with hydrofluoric acid.
Safe Use & Handling of Pyrophoric Chemicals (OSHCHM03)	Individuals working with pyrophoric chemicals.
Recommended	Who should attend
Semi-Quantitative Risk Assessment (OSHCHM04)	Individuals appointed to conduct Semi- Quantitative Risk Assessment (SQRA).
Chemical Spill Response (OSHCHM05)	Individuals who have been appointed to perform chemical spill response.



Respiratory protection

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1. Conduct risk assessment



2. Identify type of respirator required



3. Online Training



4. Do health declaration, submit to OH



8. Annual online training



7. Fit check before every use



6. Fit test by vendor or OH Clinic



5. Medical review (if necessary)



Seek OHC consult if there are any changes to health condition that affect respiratory use

Compulsory

Respiratory Protection Programme Training for firsttime users (OSHGEN04)



Respiratory Protection Programme Training for returning users (refresher)
(OSHGEN05)



Who should attend

The NUS Respiratory Protection Programme training aims to educate all NUS staff and students who are required to wear respirators in the course of their teaching and research work on the correct use of respirators.

This Respiratory Protection Programme training is for returning users - all NUS staff and students to refresh their knowledge on the usage of respirators in the course of their teaching and research work one year after attending the NUS Respiratory Protection Programme (RPP) - First Time User.



Can I just throw or pour?



Environmental Public Health (Toxic Industrial Waste)
Regulations

Sewerage and Drainage (Trade Effluent)
Regulations



Environmental Public Health (Toxic Industrial Waste) Regulations





e-Tracking The electronic consignment note system















TIW Transporter/Collector



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Chemical Waste label - OSHE

National Nat	NUS	rsity
orsi	ngapore	E LABEL
HAZARDOUS V	VASTE LABEL	ct Number;
Name of PI:	Contact Number:	
		f Waste Generated:
Department/School:	Date of Waste Generated:	
		lume/weight in waste
Container Serial No:	Total volume/weight in waste	
	container;	nate Concentration
Chemical (include all constituents)	Approximate Concentration	
Total should = 100%, No Abbreviations)	(%/kg)	
		_
		-
		-
Please "✓" type of waste		
Poison	Acid	
Flammable Solvent	Alkali	
Flammable Solid Carcinogen	☐ Irritant ☐ Reactive	e specify:
Oxidizer	Others, please specify:	



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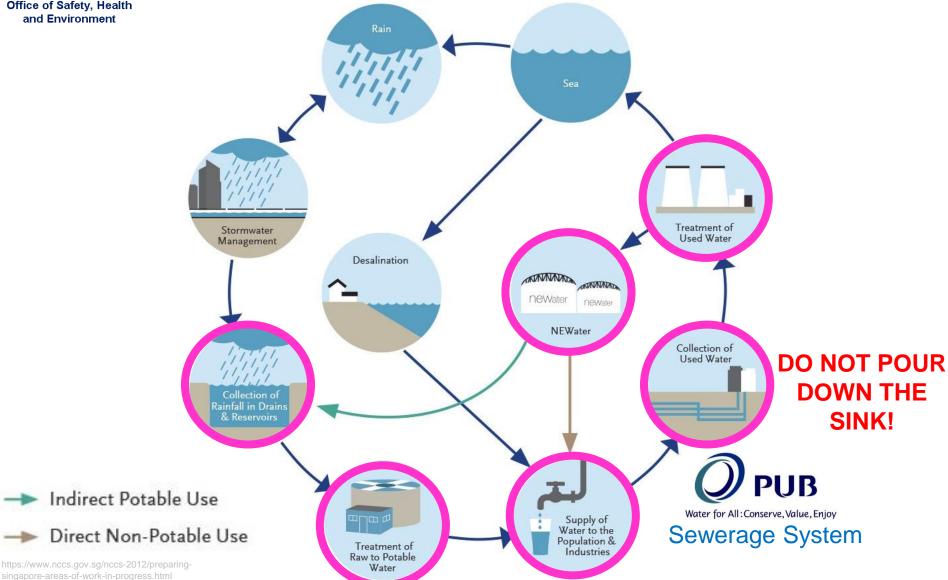
Sewerage and Drainage (Trade Effluent) Regulations





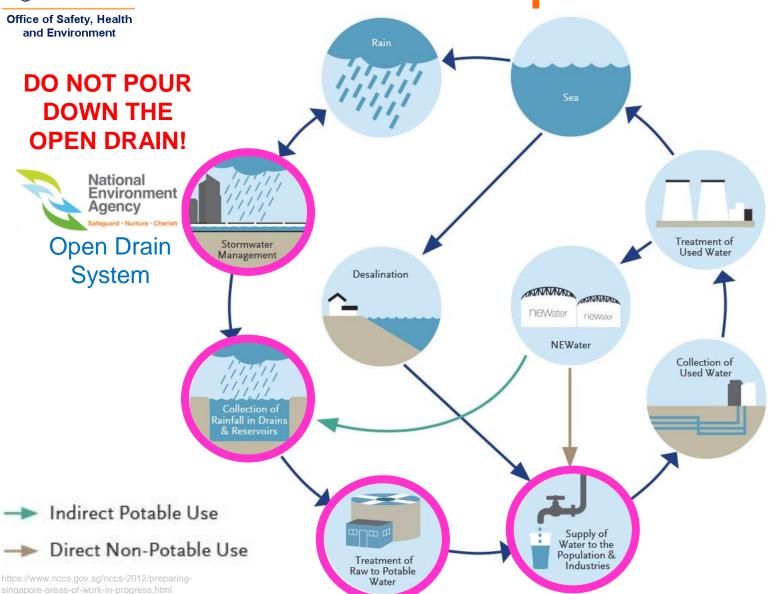
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How will this impact YOU?





How will this impact YOU?





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Play a Part in Protecting our Portable Water Source!





Radiation Protection Act



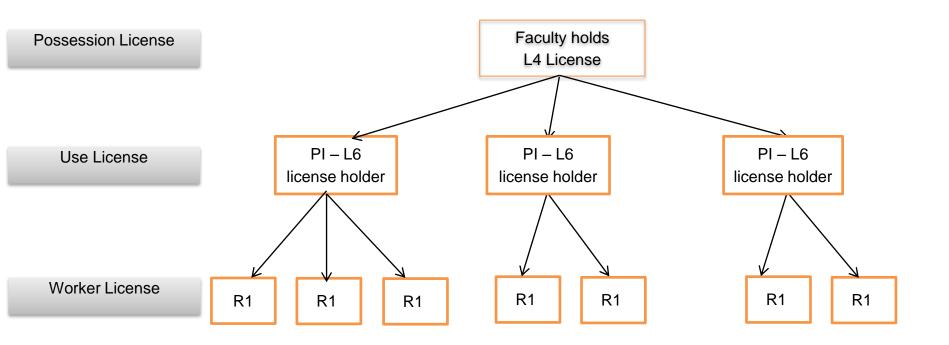
Radiation Protection (Ionising Radiation) Regulations



Radiation Protection (Non-Ionising Radiation) Regulations



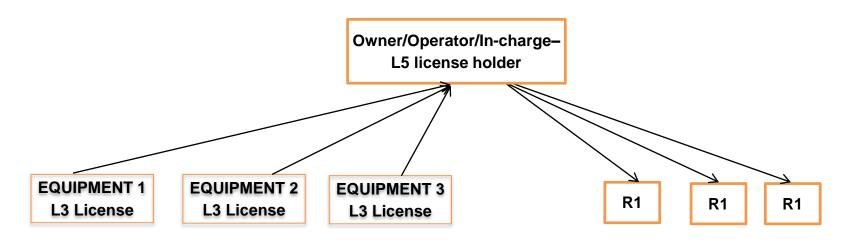
Licence – Ionising Radiation (Radioactive Materials) Eg. H-3, C-14, S-35





Licence – Ionising Radiation (Radiation Machines) Eg. X-ray machine, gamma irradiator

Owner or Operator has an L5 license and all equipments owned/operated by the person are listed in this license



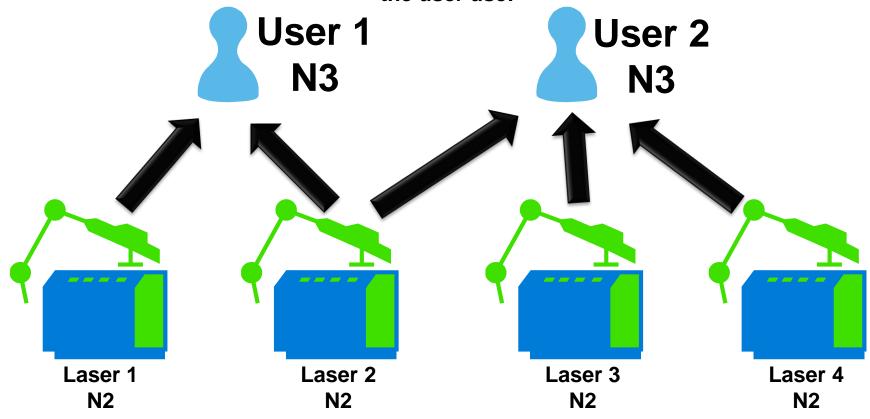
Each equipment has its own L3 license

Radiation Workers have R1 license to use the equipment



Licence – **Non-Ionising Radiation Eg. Class 3B/4 lasers, Sonicators ≥50W, MRI**

The N3 laser user licence shall indicate all the N2 laser equipment licence that the user use!



*N3 is only applicable for Class 3B/4 laser users



IVLE training Requirments

Radiation

Compulsory	Who should attend
Radiation Safety (Ionizing) (OSHRAD01)	Individuals performing activities involving use of ionizing radiation. Refresher training requirement: Individuals are required to retake this module after two years.
Laser Safety Training (OSHRAD02)	Individuals performing activities involving use of Class 3b or Class 4 lasers. Refresher training requirement: Individuals are required to retake this module after two years.

Compulsory	Who should attend
Basic MRI Safety Training (OSHRAD05)	Individuals who will be accessing a MRI controlled area but NOT operating MRI machines/scanners.
MRI Safety Training for Operators (OSHRAD06)	Individuals who will be accessing MRI controlled areas AND operating MRI machines/scanners.



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